DRG Implementation of WH

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Overview

- **>** Background
 - -Large scale of medical industry of WH
 - -Insurance expenditure of WH
- > Timetable
- Characteristics
 - Fully covered, Regional budget control
 - Weights of case-mix groups (tipped towards critical, complex and surgical cases)
 - Policy trends



Background



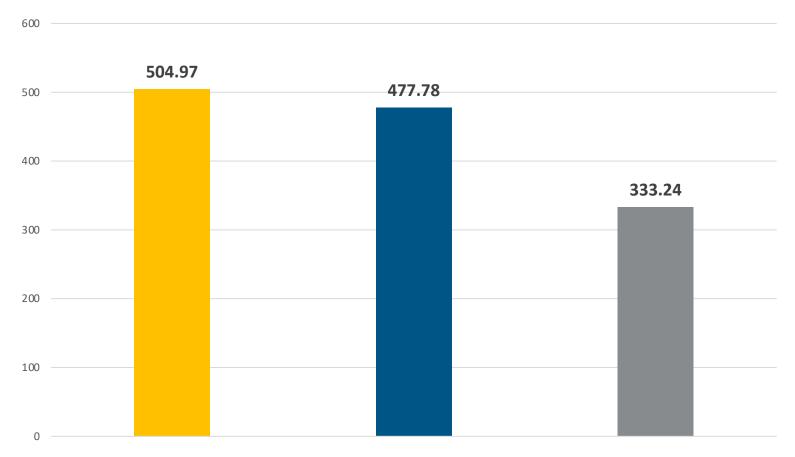
Background



The number of insured (medical insurance): 9.8+ million

- -employees' basic medical insurance: 5.05 million
- rural and non-working urban residents' basic medical insurance: 4.78 million

The number of insured (birth insurance): 3.33 million



Background

Overview of Medical Insurance Expenditure

Medical Insurance

Emploees' Insurance

Residents' Insurance

Income : 28.2 trillion

Income: 24.2 trillion Income : 4.0 trillion

Expenditure : 22.3 trillion

Expenditure:
19.1
trillion

Expenditure : 3.2 trillion

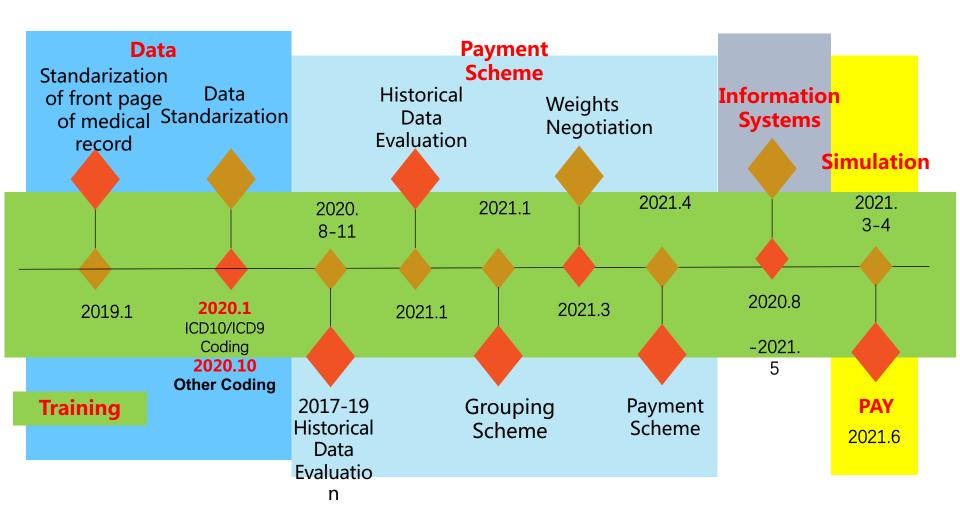
Surplus:
5.9
trillion

Surplus:
5.1
trillion

Surplus:
0.8
trillion



Timetable





Fully covered

Medical Institution

All tertiary and secondary hospital (174)

Member Insured

All members of employees' & residents' insurance

Groups

All case-mix groups, no exception

All medical expense, no exception

Expense



Regional budget

No institutional budget

Rules More Clear

Rules More competitive





Data evaluation

➤ Inpatient data of 95 medical institute from 2017.01 to 2019.12: 3.18 million cases

Grouping

- > 371 ADRG groups
- 660 DRG groups. Surgical groups 252, Non-sugical procedures groups 37,
 Medical groups 371
- 5% patients fee-for-service to ensure care of critical/complex cases



98 physicians from 43 specialties, negotiated weights of DRG groups:

- (1) Technical difficulty and Clinial resoures consumed
- ②Manually elevated weights of critical, complex and surgical cases, depressed weights of common, mild cases;
- (3)Total weights not higher after manul adjustment

Goals

- ✓ Tiered medical services
- ✓ Actual value of medical service. Tortured reality.



Incentives and constraints

- Expenditure
 - Surplus (+)
 - Overspending (-)
- Cases
 - critical, complex & surgical cases (+)

Trends

common, mild cases (-)



- In general, Not friendly to innovative therapy
- Manully elevated groups will be opportunities
- Communication with CHS needed

 (cost-benefit and costeffectiveness analysis)



THANK YOU

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